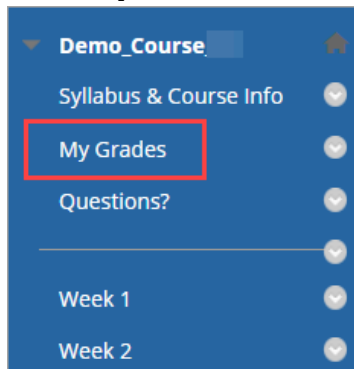


FIND ASSIGNMENT OR DISCUSSION FEEDBACK

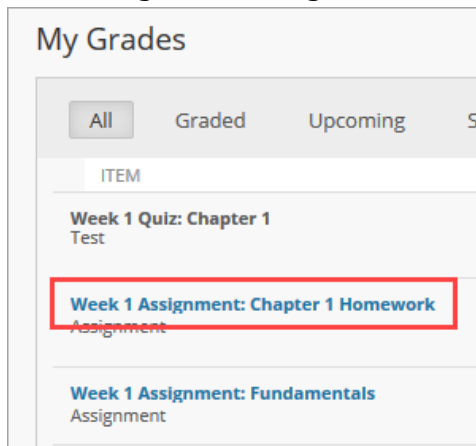
After you submit an assignment or discussion, the instructor reviews the submission, enters a grade, and provides feedback. Review the personalized feedback from your instructor to see what you did well and where there is room for improvement.

Instructions

1. Click **My Grades** on the left course menu.



2. Find the graded assignment or discussion. Click the title to view feedback.



3. View the submission on the left side of the screen. Instructors have the ability to make comments, markups, and annotations for assignments. This feature is not available for discussions but you can still see all of your posts for the week collected on the left.

Assignment:



FIND ASSIGNMENT OR DISCUSSION FEEDBACK

Mint (*Mentha viridis*). Known also as Spearmint. It must be grown from divisions. Between the delicacy of fresh young green leaves and those which have been dried with the utmost care there is so wide a difference that the practice of forcing from November to May is fully justified. This is easily accomplished by packing roots in a box and keeping them moist in a temperature of 60°. Where this is impossible, stems must be cut, bunched, and hung in a cool store for use during winter and spring. Mint grows vigorously in damp soil, and the bed should have occasional attention, to prevent plants from extending beyond their proper boundary. To secure young and luxuriant growth a fresh plantation should be made annually in February or March. If allowed to occupy the same plot of land year after year the leaves become small and the stems wiry.

Spearmint in its general characteristics resembles peppermint, but it is rather more vigorous in its growth, the lance-shaped leaves are generally stem less, and the flower spikes are narrow and pointed rather than thick and blunt.

Grow Spearmint as you would any other member of the Mint family. It is a perennial growing to 3 feet tall and is tolerable of many different growing conditions. As with Peppermint, it can become invasive, so plant it in an area where it can be controlled and won't crowd out other garden plants. Spearmint grows well in nearly all climates. Gardeners often grow healthy specimens in pots or planters due to its invasive spreading nature. The plant prefers partial shade, but it can flourish in full sun to mostly shade. Loamy soils with plenty of organic material are best suited to spearmint. When growing spearmint for culinary purposes, fertilize with a well balanced fertilizer, organic composts, or manure. To harvest for culinary purposes, simply cut the branches, leaving a minimum of 1/3 of the branch, which will encourage the plant to bush out. Spearmint leaves can be used whole, chopped, or dried.

When the plants are breaking into bloom, the stalks should be cut a few inches above the root, on a dry day, after the dew has disappeared, and before the hot sun has taken any oil from the leaves, and dried for culinary use for the winter. All discolored and insect-eaten leaves should be removed and the stems tied loosely into bunches and hung to dry on strings in the usual manner directed for 'bunched' herbs. The bunches should be nearly equal in length and uniform in size to facilitate packing, if intended for sale, and placed when dry in airtight boxes to prevent re-absorption of moisture.

The leaves may also be stripped from the stems as soon as thoroughly dry and rubbed through a fine sieve, so as to be freed from stalks as much as possible, or pounded in a mortar and thus powdered, stored in stopper bottles or tins rendered airtight. If preparing for market and for home use, the rubbed herbs

Feedback to Learner
2/16/21 4:29 PM
Great work! This was our first assignment in the course and I'm excited to watch your progress in the coming weeks. I left some notes on your paper with comments and a few word choice edits. There are also a couple of areas where I thought you could strengthen your argument. I look forward to seeing some of these ideas incorporated in your next assignment!

Discussion:

Mint (*Mentha viridis*). Known also as Spearmint. It must be grown from divisions. Between the delicacy of fresh young green leaves and those which have been dried with the utmost care there is so wide a difference that the practice of forcing from November to May is fully justified. This is easily accomplished by packing roots in a box and keeping them moist in a temperature of 60°. Where this is impossible, stems must be cut, bunched, and hung in a cool store for use during winter and spring. Mint grows vigorously in damp soil, and the bed should have occasional attention, to prevent plants from extending beyond their proper boundary. To secure young and luxuriant growth a fresh plantation should be made annually in February or March. If allowed to occupy the same plot of land year after year the leaves become small and the stems wiry.

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Feedback to Learner
2/25/21 12:43 PM
Great work this week! Please read my specific rubric feedback. Not only is your initial post great, I appreciate the feedback you provided to your peers. I look forward to more great discussion posts from you in the weeks to come!

4. Click a yellow comment bubble or yellow text box to read the corresponding comment on the right.

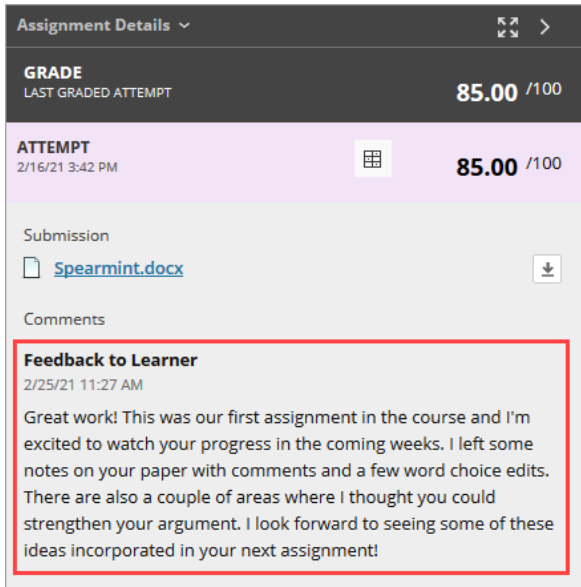
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Amy
Feb 16, 4:12 PM
Is there additional information about the process you can provide? It will strengthen your argument.

5. General feedback may be available underneath your grade on the right side of the screen.

FIND ASSIGNMENT OR DISCUSSION FEEDBACK



Assignment Details

GRADE
LAST GRADED ATTEMPT **85.00** /100

ATTEMPT
2/16/21 3:42 PM **85.00** /100

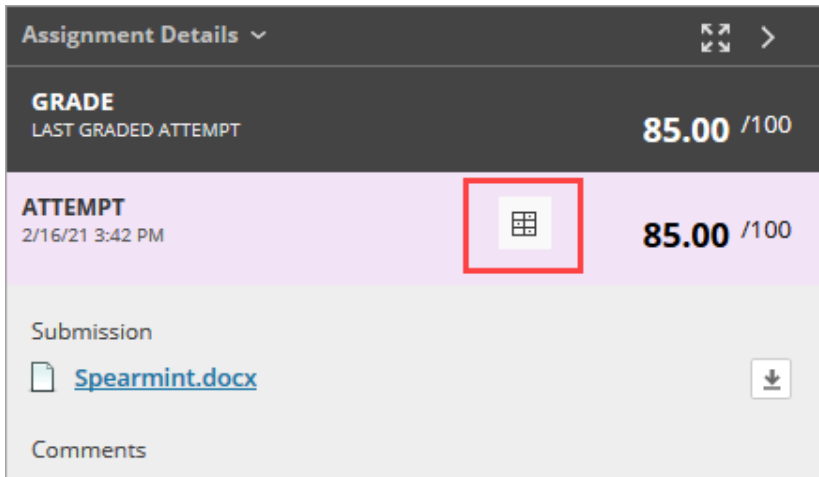
Submission
[Spearmint.docx](#)

Comments

Feedback to Learner
2/25/21 11:27 AM

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6. If a rubric is associated with the assignment or discussion click the **View Rubric** icon to the left of your Attempt to view specific rubric feedback from your instructor.



Assignment Details

GRADE
LAST GRADED ATTEMPT **85.00** /100

ATTEMPT
2/16/21 3:42 PM **85.00** /100

Submission
[Spearmint.docx](#)

Comments

7. The Rubric opens in a new window. If your instructor left individualized feedback for a rubric item it is listed underneath the selected rubric criteria. Your instructor may also choose to leave overall feedback at the bottom of the rubric.



FIND ASSIGNMENT OR DISCUSSION FEEDBACK

Conclusion	<p>✔️ 10 (10.00%)</p> <p>Detailed conclusion with links to course content and work sited</p> <p>Feedback: The conclusion is well done! It outlines the service styles and service plan portions of the assignment appropriately. I would like to see you tie these two ideas together a bit more but overall this was very well done.</p>	<p>5 (5.00%)</p> <p>Minimal conclusion with work sited.</p>	<p>0 (0.00%)</p> <p>Minimal or no conclusion nor work sited.</p>
	<p>I would like to see you tie these two ideas together a bit more but overall this was very well done.</p>		
<p>Feedback to Learner</p> <p>Keep up the good work! Please see the feedback I provided for you in each rubric criteria item to see how your grade was calculated.</p>			